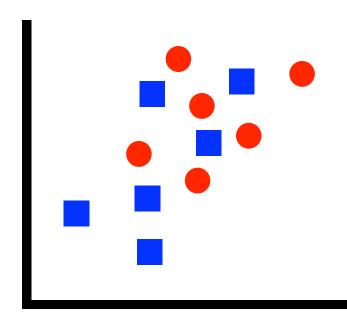
Rapid feature-selection benefits from feature redundancy

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Introduction

- Selective attention to visual features¹ can be inefficient when features are conjoined²⁻⁴
- Data displays often encodes data redundantly with multiple features⁵



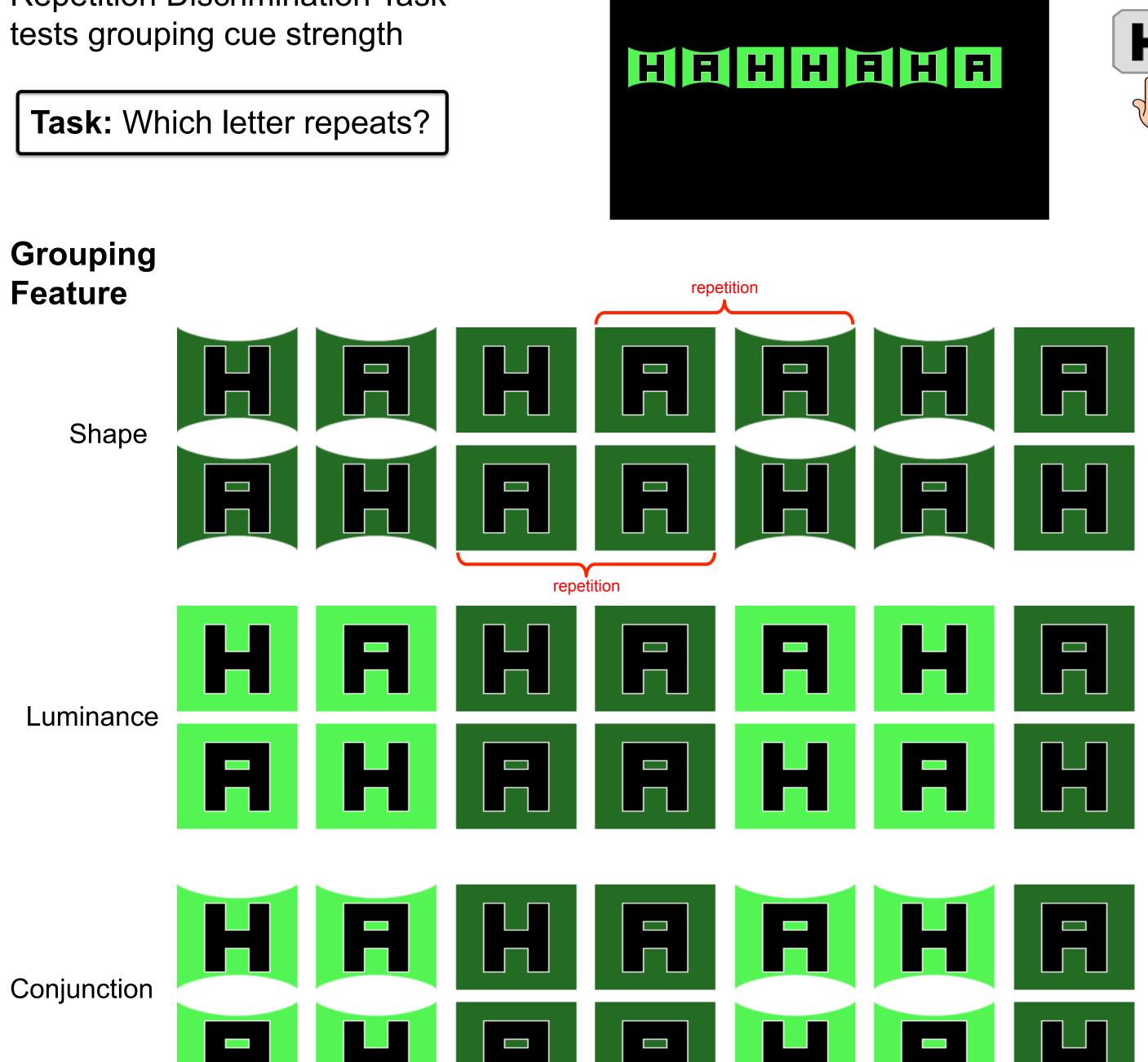
- \rightarrow Redundant features may improve selection/grouping of collections⁶
- \rightarrow On the other hand, adding complexity can be harmful⁷

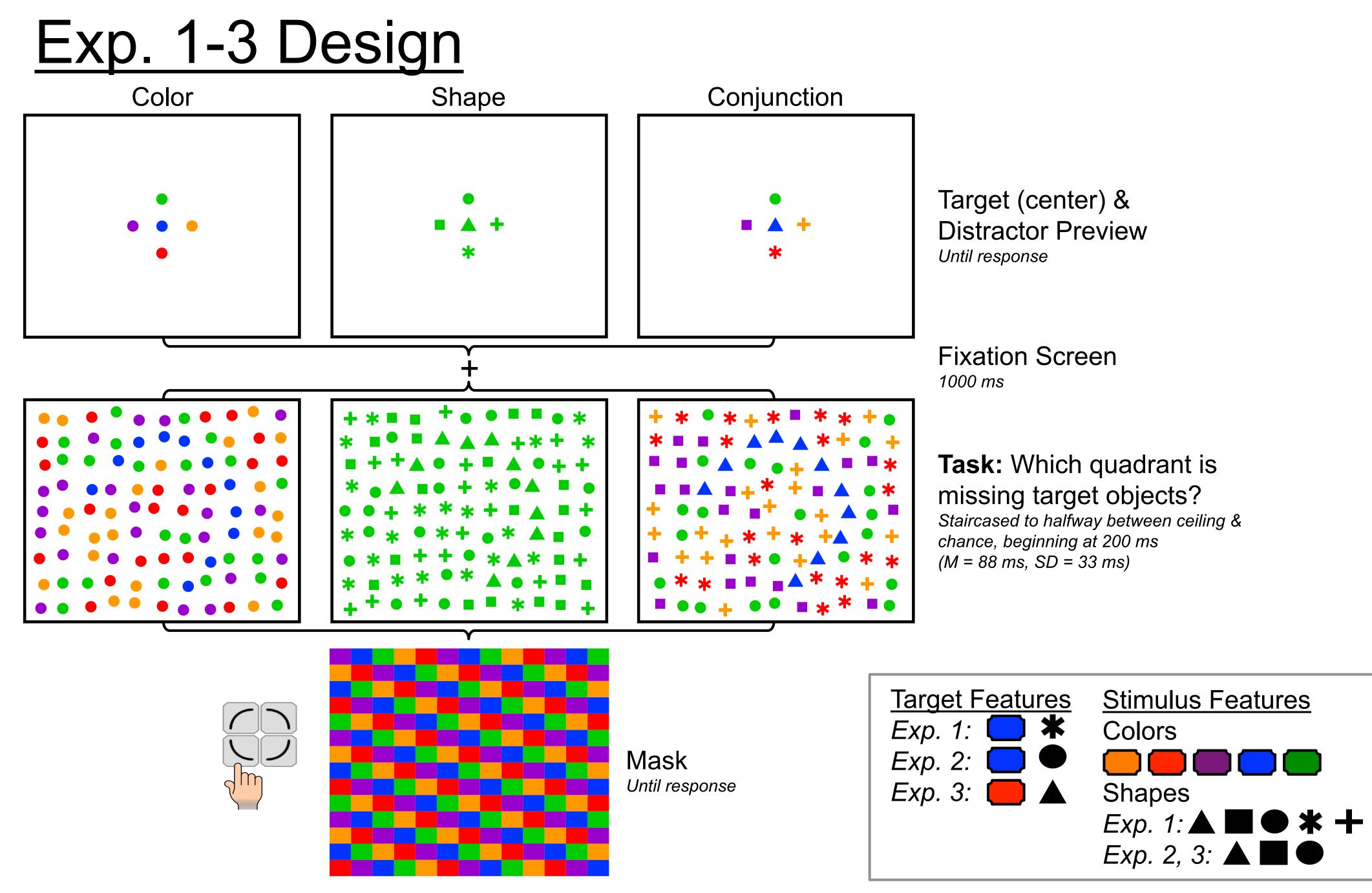
Questions

- Is conjunctive selection helpful, even when the extra feature is redundant?
- Does perceptual organization benefit from redundant features?

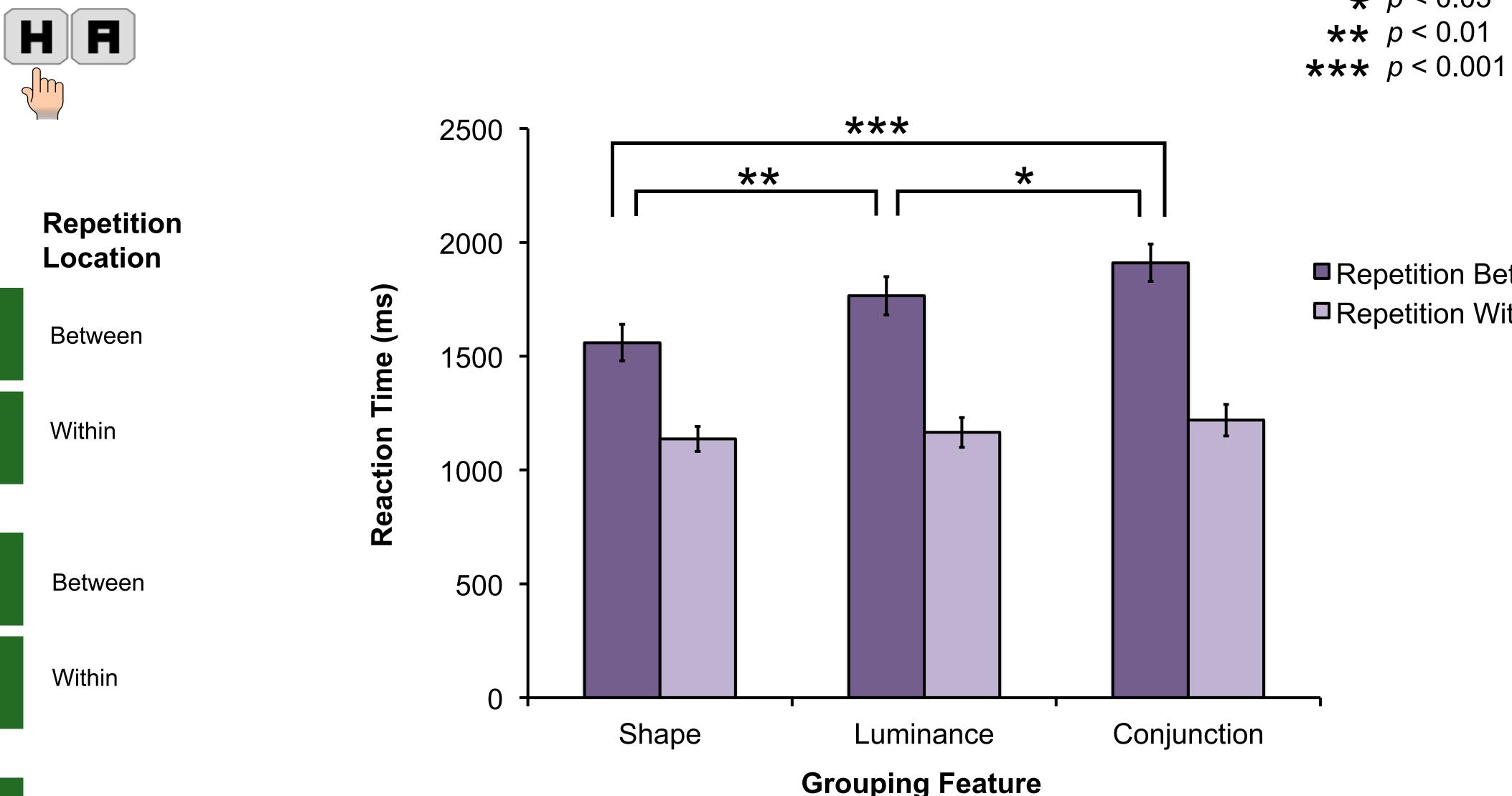
Exp. 4 Design

Repetition Discrimination Task⁸ tests grouping cue strength





Exp. 4 Results



Multiple features > either feature alone ... but results are preliminary – stay tuned.

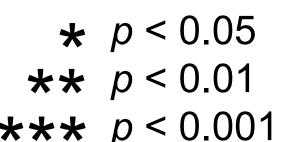
Between



o 0.75

0.5

0.25



Repetition Between

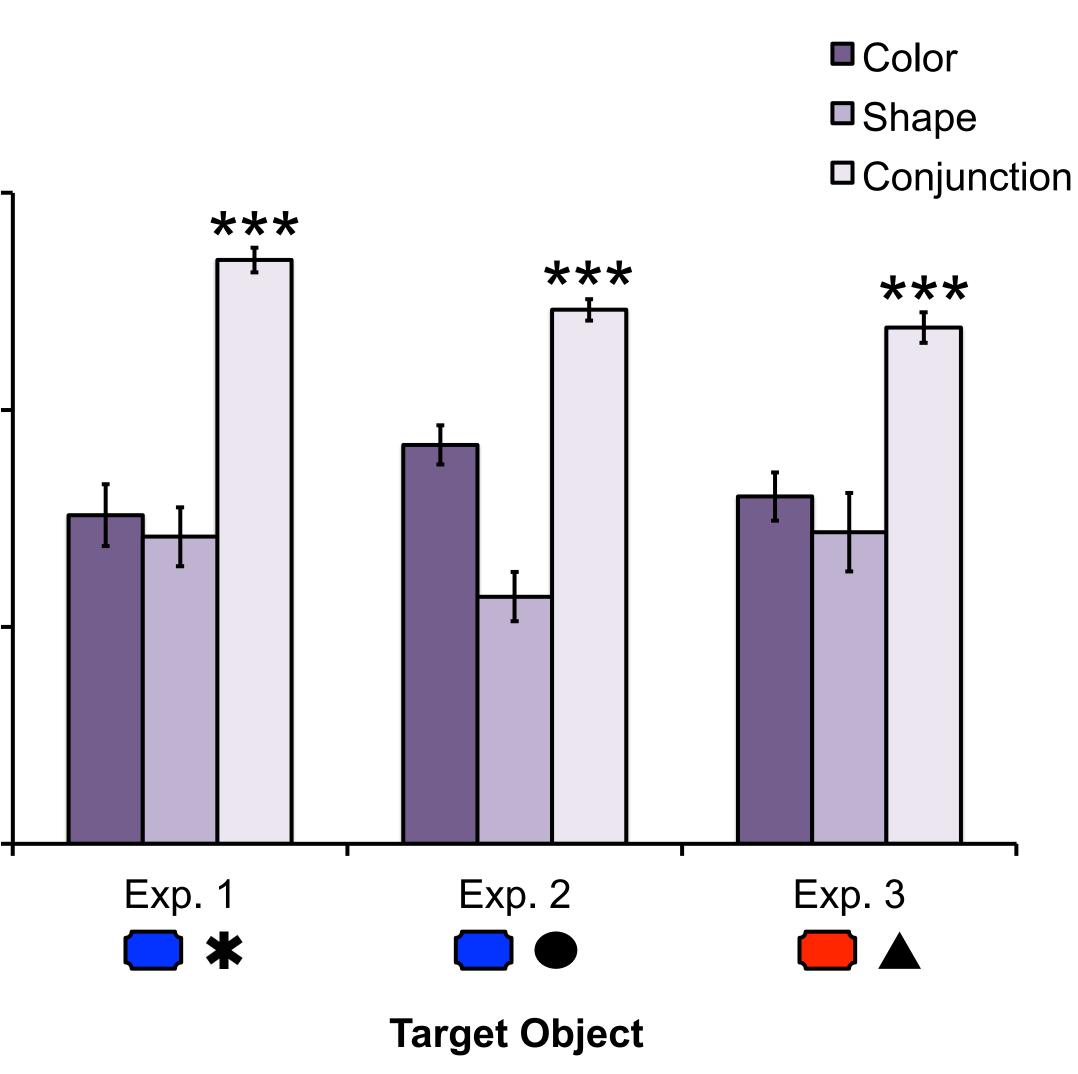
Repetition Within

References:

- *review*, 114(3), 599.



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Exp. 1-3 Results

Multiple features > either feature alone

Conclusions

Selection & grouping benefit from feature redundancy

•Implications for data displays (e.g., Microsoft Excel defaults to redundant shape/color for graphs)

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